

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Kentucky Democratic Leaders in Conference.

TO WAGE AN AGGRESSIVE FIGHT

Indictment of Chicago Aldermen for Selling Their Votes.

MAYOR BECKHAM RESIGNS

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 13.—As a result of the conference held yesterday between the state central committee, the democratic nominees for state offices and prominent democrats from all parts of the state, a strong democratic campaign committee was organized by the state central committee last night. The campaign will be an aggressive one, and it will be fought out squarely on the platform laid down by the democratic state convention. The conference lasted until 1:15 o'clock this morning.

The discussion that took place presented a great variety of opinion as to the proper policy to be pursued in the campaign. There was no encouragement for the suggestion to keep the currency question out of the campaign. The originators of the proposition had nothing to say for it, and it received little defense from any other quarter. Sound money men spoke resolutely against any attempt to put a false construction on the money market. The committee secretary was directed to propose to the republican campaign committee a joint meeting of the two parties for governor. Headquarters will be opened at once, and the most thorough organization ever undertaken in Kentucky will be begun.

Aldermen Indicted.
CHICAGO, July 13.—The special grand jury, which has been investigating the city council scandal, was discharged today after returning but two indictments. Aldermen Finkler and Martin were indicted for attempting to secure bribes to prevent the passage of a bill. The jury also recommended that the law be changed so as to admit of imprisonment for soliciting bribes, as the present state law provides.

Mayor Beckham Resigns.
Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.
ALEXANDRIA, Va., July 13.—Mr. John G. Beckham, mayor of the city, at noon today tendered his resignation as mayor to the city council. The resignation was placed in the hands of Mr. Hubert Snowden, president of the common council, and takes effect at once.

Mr. Snowden will call a special meeting of the council one day next week, when the matter will be acted upon and a date fixed for the election of Mr. Beckham's successor.

Fatal Fire at Clifton Forge.
RICHMOND, Va., July 13.—At Clifton Forge this morning the Ford building was burned and a man killed. The building, before help could be reached, was on the second story, and when awakened by the crackling of the flames attempted to reach a window, through which he fell, and was overcome by the smoke. Mr. Ford, president of the company and one of the most prominent citizens of the town, was killed. Mr. Motley, who has a store in the building, escaped by jumping from a second-story window. The loss was about \$5,200, with only \$500 insurance.

MRS. MARTIN ARRESTED.
The former Victoria Woodhull in a dispute with her niece.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Victoria Woodhull Martin was arrested today at the Hotel Majestic just as she was about to sail for Europe, charged by her niece with destroying certain articles of household furniture and clothing and seven trunks. Mrs. Martin accompanied a deputy sheriff to the sheriff's office and gave a \$1,000 bond for her release. She was released. Mrs. Martin and her niece, Mrs. E. T. Tensler, who has a store in the building, escaped by jumping from a second-story window. The loss was about \$5,200, with only \$500 insurance.

When the Ceremony Will Be Bestowed on Archbishop Chapelle.
SANTA FE, N. M., July 13.—October 17 next has been named as the date on which Archbishop Chapelle will be formally invested with the pallium at the cathedral city by Cardinal Gibbons, Mrs. Santoli, fifty to twenty archbishops and bishops and many priests from all over the country will attend the ceremony.

THE PROPOSED FIGHT ILLLEGAL.
Attorney General Crane of Texas on the Big Match.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 13.—Attorney General Crane, in an opinion, which will be sent to Attorney General Gillespie at Dallas, tonight or tomorrow, has declared that the Fitzsimmons fight illegal, and that the law must be enforced until declared void and inoperative by the supreme court.

To Aid the Strikers.
President Laurence of the Protective Street Railway Union this afternoon received a letter from the captain of the Washington Athletic Club, offering the use of their hall for an entertainment of the striking drivers of the Anacostia Railroad Company. The club promise to assist to the fullest extent of their power.

From private advices received over the Michigan Central wires it is learned that the public Mr. Laurence has arranged to have coaches run between Navy Yard and Anacostia, as they have been doing ever since the strike.

It has since been learned that a conference took place yesterday afternoon at the office of the Anacostia Railroad Company between President Griswold and several gentlemen who have under contemplation the purchase of a controlling interest in that direction, and a further conference will take place Monday night.

To Enforce a Creditor's Bill.
James H. Dabney and others, trading as Clark & Bailey, today filed a bill in equity against Lucy A. Smith and other heirs of the late Mary Coleman, to enforce by the sale of the decedent's estate a creditor's bill of \$152.75. The estate in question is interest in sublots 1 and 2 in Gisor and Mosby Alley.

Question of Insurance.
The Supreme Lodge of the Shield of Honor of the United States, incorporated in Maryland, today filed a bill in equity against Mary E. Kennedy or Kennedy and Thomas Jefferson Porter to determine to which of the defendants a life insurance policy of \$1,000 on the life of the late Jas. John Porter or James John Porter, issued by the latter, shall be paid.

Real Estate Matters.
Crammond Kennedy has bought of Adolph A. Hoehling, Jr., trustee, lot 26, in square No. 229, for \$19,500. The property is improved by house No. 1412 I street northwest.

TRIAL HEATS AT ASBURY

Officials Shut Down on "Loafing" by Riders.

The First Colored Racer Does Not Meet With Much Success—

Favorable Weather.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 13.—The weather this forenoon was favorable for the wheelmen who participated in the trial heats of the six races which constituted the program of the last day of the annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen.

The attendance was large, and for the most part the heats were well contested. Large delegations are expected from New York and Philadelphia this afternoon, as the railroad companies will run extra trains from both cities, and today is a half-holiday.

This afternoon another struggle against time was brought off. Harry H. Maddox, the local expert, will try to beat the five-mile track record, and he will be paced alternately throughout the trial by quadruple, triple and tandem.

The conferences which have taken place here by the representative committees of the League of American Wheelmen and the cycle board of trade during the week have resulted in some good, and while all the heat races have not been definitely settled, still there has been enough done to insure the prosperity of the sport. The board has agreed that the League of American Wheelmen shall have the exclusive control of every form of cycle racing, and has decided to co-operate with the league in the holding of all racing races.

About 11 o'clock heavy black clouds overspread the sky, and a few drops of rain fell. The sun came out again. At the conclusion of the quarter-mile national championship heats a recess was announced.

R. J. Stone, a colored man known as the "dark secret" of Brooklyn, who was distanced on the last lap and called up. He was the first colored rider who has taken part in a race during this meet.

Two-thirds mile, 2:35 class, first man in each heat to qualify. First heat—Won by Louis Hunter, N. J. A. C. Time, 2:07 2-5.

Loafing will not be tolerated by the officials. As the trial heats, which were run in slow time, the time limit of 1:50 for the distance was enforced.

Second heat—Won by C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore. Time, 1:49 3-6.

Third heat—None of the six contestants qualified, as they finished beyond the limit. Time, 1:49 3-6.

Fourth heat—Won by Charles M. Ertz, New York. Time, 1:46 4-5.

C. S. Henrich, Greenwich, who rode in the first heat, was here disqualified and will not be allowed to ride today for fouling.

Fifth heat—Won by F. B. Egelhof, Brooklyn. Time, 1:48 4-5.

Sixth heat—None qualified. Time, 2:04 3-5.

Seventh heat—Won by U. S. Paige, Brooklyn. Time, 1:49 3-6.

Eighth heat—None qualified. Time, 1:33 3-5.

Ninth heat, open, with pacemakers, class B. Time limit of 2:35. First and second men to qualify for finals.

First heat—Won by Davidson, Bradford, first; Frank J. Jenny, Utica, second. Time, 2:23 3-5.

Second heat—A. D. Kennedy, Chicago, first; C. Johnson, Cleveland, second. Time, 2:33 3-5.

Third heat—Ray McDonald, New York, first; Fred Barry, Syracuse, second. Time, 2:28 3-5.

Fourth heat—C. R. Coulter, Toledo, first; Arthur Gardner, Chicago, second. Time, 2:28 3-5.

One mile open, class A; time limit, 2:45; first man in each heat to qualify for final.

First heat—Won by F. C. Everitt, Hackensack, second. Time, 2:24 4-5.

Second heat—C. L. Leatherbury, Baltimore, first; G. B. Underhill, New York, second. Time, 2:33 3-5.

Third heat—Ray Dawson, N. Y. A. C., first; Fred Barry, Syracuse, second. Time, 2:41 4-5.

Fourth heat—Tom Butler, Cambridgeport, first; W. C. Underhill, New York, second. No one qualified. Time, 2:52.

Fifth heat—C. M. Ertz, New York, first; Wallace H. Owen, Greenwich, second. Time, 2:39 4-5.

Sixth heat—H. E. Caldwell, Manchester, first; E. W. Murray, Syracuse, second. Time, 2:45 1-5. This time was allowed to stand.

Seventh heat—W. G. Douglas, N. Y. A. C., first; C. W. Krick, Reading, second. Time, 2:33 3-5.

Eighth heat—Frank D. White, Liberty, N. Y., first; L. G. Hoppe, Liberty, N. Y., second. Time, 2:45 1-5.

Ninth heat—J. M. Baldwin, Paterson, first; H. K. Rose, Paterson, second. Time, 2:27 3-5.

Tenth heat—H. P. Mosher, Harlem, first; E. Tensler, Rockville, second. Time, 2:37 3-5.

THE WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

Maj. Knight Reports on the Work of the Year.

Additional Means for Bringing the Water to the Consumer Needed—

The Tunnel Tests.

Maj. Knight has made a detailed report to the chief of engineers of operations on the Washington aqueduct and necessary during the year ended June 30 last, many of the details of which have been heretofore published in The Star, as the work progressed.

He says that the masonry work at waste weir No. 1, about 1,000 feet below the Great Falls gate house, has been completed and the provision made for stop planks by which the level of the water can be held at reference 151, which will be the level of the water on the dam at low stages of the river, when the dam is raised as it is now proposed, and gratings have been placed to prevent the inflow of logs, even should the three feet higher than that of 1880 occur.

The reference of the flow line of the distributing reservoir is 146 feet above datum. During the year the level of the water in the reservoir fluctuated between reference 141.45 and 145.55, and reached a level of 144.40 or above each month. Any material reduction of head in the city service below the level of such service in 1894, when the 14-inch main was put in use, Major Knight says is not therefore to be attributed to low levels of water in the reservoir. "Raising the height of the dam at Great Falls," he says, "is a partial provision for an increased consumption. Additional means of bringing the water to the distributing reservoir, the consumer must speedily be provided."

The work of removing the deposits in the conduit has been carried on, but not completed, about 200,000 cubic feet of material by-conduit. Ordinarily these deposits are from eight to ten inches in depth.

The Daily Consumption.
The daily consumption and waste of "water" was measured on six dates, and determined to be 4,131,131 gallons. Based on the population as enumerated by the police June, 1892, and December, 1894, this corresponds to a per capita daily consumption of 170 gallons, or 10 gallons less than the consumption determined June 23, 1891.

The Knickerbocker says that the operation of the project for raising the level of the water in the reservoir has been completed, and the balance of the appropriations for this work is \$125,000.

Despite the fact that 1895 will be known as an "off year" in politics because only one election will be held, the year 1895, in Connecticut in October and the other twelve in November, it will be of great importance in many ways, and the lesson learned next fall will be of immense advantage in the quadrennial final examination to take place next year.

The Connecticut election for town officers and to pass upon the question of redistricting the state senate will be held October 7, and regular state elections will be held four weeks later—on November 5—in Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska, Mississippi and Massachusetts.

In Maryland a governor will be chosen to succeed Frank Brown (dem.) for a term of four years; an attorney general to serve four years; a controller to serve two years, all the members of the lower house of the general assembly and fourteen senators. A state's attorney and sheriff will be elected in each county, and in the state of Virginia, a judge will be elected. The general assembly chosen in November will elect successors to Senator Gibson and State Treasurer Spencer C. Jones.

In Virginia all the members of the house of delegates and twenty or thirty of the state senate will be elected. The senators chosen this year will participate in the election of a successor to Senator Daniel Leitch, who will retire in November.

For a term of three years and seven judges of the supreme court for terms of ten years.

New Jersey will elect a governor for a term of three years, seven state senators for the same term and an entire assembly.

New York's state ticket will contain a secretary of state, controller, treasurer, attorney general and a judge of the court of appeals for a term of fourteen years; twelve judges of the supreme court and twenty of the county courts, and an entire legislature of fifty senators to serve three years, and 150 assemblymen to serve one year.

The voters of Iowa will elect a governor, lieutenant governor and attorney general to serve two years; an auditor to serve four years; a judge of the supreme court to serve four years; and a legislature of twenty senators and twenty representatives to serve two years.

A full state ticket, to be voted by the voters of Kentucky, as well as a legislature that will elect a successor to Senator Blackburn.

There will be a governor, lieutenant governor and attorney general to serve two years; an auditor to serve four years; a judge of the supreme court to serve four years; and a legislature of twenty senators and twenty representatives to serve two years.

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A KNOWN QUANTITY.

It is the practice of The Star to print on Saturday a sworn statement of its circulation day by day for the preceding week. It would seem self-evident that the advertiser is entitled to this protection. Below will be found the statement for the week just past.

The Average Circulation Exhibited is believed to be much more than the combined circulation of the other Washington dailies, and fully five times that of its afternoon contemporary.

Circulation of "The Evening Star."

SATURDAY, July 6, 1895.....35,907

MONDAY, July 8, 1895.....29,603

TUESDAY, July 9, 1895.....29,691

WEDNESDAY, July 10, 1895.....29,657

THURSDAY, July 11, 1895.....29,649

FRIDAY, July 12, 1895.....29,592

Total.....183,409

Daily average.....30,583

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, July 12, 1895—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted were returned or remain in the office unsold.

J. WHITT HERRON,
Cashier Evening Star Newspaper Co.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of July, A. D. 1895.

BENJAMIN MARTIN, Jr.,
Notary Public, D. C.

THIS YEAR'S ELECTIONS

Thirteen States Will Open Polls in the Autumn.

State and County Offices and Legislators to Be Voted For in All Sections.

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ADJOURNED UNTIL MONDAY

The Farrall Murder Trial Goes Over Until Next Week.

Ex-Congressman Mudd Concludes His Argument—"The Accused Not a Trial for Her Indiscretions."

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

LA PLATA, Md., July 13.—Every chair, each of the ten window sills and the entire standing space in the La Plata town hall were occupied this morning at the opening of the trial of Mrs. Belle Farrall, whose life within a day or two will be placed at the disposal of twelve jurors, the attendance being by far the largest of any day during the past fortnight.

Mr. Sydney L. Mudd, counsel for the defendant, assumed the argument to the jury, which was begun late yesterday afternoon, admitting that the prisoner might have been indiscreet, but emphasizing the fact that the charge against her is not indiscretion or even infidelity, but murder.

Mr. Farrall's counsel could not conclude the argument until Monday morning. This action was taken on the ground that both Mr. Mitchell and Col. Vining could not conclude the arguments today, and it would be unfair for the state's attorney to be allowed to speak in closing after resting over Sunday.

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Then after much discussion and despite the vigorous opposition of Chief Justice Brice, the remainder of the bench, Judges Eichel and Crave, decided to adjourn until Monday morning. This action was taken on the ground that both Mr. Mitchell and Col. Vining could not conclude the arguments today, and it would be unfair for the state's attorney to be allowed to speak in closing after resting over Sunday.

Just before the conclusion of Mr. Mudd's speech, however, when he eloquently and dramatically related the story of the murder, taking away the mother from the loving children, who have been her almost constant companions in court, Mrs. Farrall was told to tell us, and she did so feeling that at any other time during the trial.

The State Opens.
As stated in The Star, the introduction of evidence quite suddenly and unexpectedly reached a termination yesterday afternoon, and the court immediately adjourned. The state's attorney to begin the argument to the jury. Counsel on both sides were unprepared for such a move, however, and by earnest request Judge Brice granted a recess of two hours, after which the state's attorney, Matthews, in an impressive review of the evidence, made a strong covering murder in Maryland and then stated that if circumstantial evidence be admitted, the jury would be given to the commission of crime.

The crime of poisoning, he said, is not an unusual one, but the fact that Mrs. Farrall had been an educated woman, and had an affectionate husband and loving children, made the case a most exceptional one. He tried before a jury in Charles county.

Mr. Matthews carefully reviewed the history of the case and the details of the trial, and then stated that the state's attorney would be given to the commission of crime.

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